THE FIFTY-SECOND CONGRESS RENATOR DOLPH REPORTS A FORTI-FICATIONS BILL.

intes -8100,000,000 to be Expended in Eleven Years in the Creation of the System of Coust Different Recom-mended by the Fertifications Board,

Washington, Jan. 12.—The Vice-President laid before the Senate to-day some messages from the President, but they referred exclusively to Indian affairs, and contained no reference to Chillan matters or other foreign relations, as seemed to be expected.

Mr. Dolph, from the Committee on Fortifica-

tions, presented two reports. The first passed without notice, but the second caused debate. The first bill reported favorably was Senate bill 1,247, for the purchase of sites for fortifications. The second report was a majority refications and other sea coast defenge.

This bill aims to carry out the recommends tions of the Army Portifications Board by pro-viding fortifications at New York, San Francisco, Boston, the lake ports, Hampton Roads, New Orleans, Philadelphia, Washington, Baioston, the lake ports, Hampton Roads, timore, Portland, Maine: Ports in Narragansett Bay, Rhode Island, Key West, Charleston, & G; Mobile, New London, Savannah, Galveston, Portland, Oregon; Pensacola, Wilmington, N. C.; San Diego, Portsmouth, N. H.; defences of Cumberland Sound at Fort Clinch; defences of Ports of the Kennebec River at Fort Popham, New Bedford, Masa; defences of Ports on the Penobscot River, Maine; at Fort Knox and New Haven.
Mr. Jones of Arkansas said that as a mem

ber of the Committee on Coast Defences he was unable to concur in the report just made. \$123,000,000, extending over a period of eleven pears. In view of the facts that the ravenues to-day were hardly sufficient to meet the ordinary expenses and that there was an almos universal demand for relief from excessive taxation, he, for one, was not willing to report in favor of a bill carrying such a large appro priation at this time.

Mr. Dolph explained that the bill as amended carried an appropriation of only \$100,000,000. sarried an appropriation of only \$100,000,000.
\$10,000,000 to be expended the first year, and \$9,000,000 each year for ten years thereafter. The bill embodied the plan of the Board of Portifications for fortifying twenty-seven of our scapports where fortifications were urgently seeded. This plan had received the approvation of two successive Secretaries of War, of the Board of Ordnanes of two Administrations, and of the Board of Engineers of the State of New York. It was the most economical proposition with regard to coast defences ever laid before Congress. He undertook to say that by comparison with the River and Harbor bill the \$100,000,000 appropriated by this bill would go as the say that by comparison with the River and Harbor bill the \$100,000,000 appropriated in the ordinary manner. The way in which Congress proceeded in making appropriations for great public works one year and failing to do so the next was wasteful and almost criminal. He predicted that if this bill did not pass. Congress in twenty years would appropriate one hundred millions for coast defences in an irresular and spasmodic way, and then fifty millions more would be required to carry out the work which it was now proposed to do in alsyen years at a cost of one hundred millions.

Mr. Blackburn of Kentucky introduced a bill to remove the penalites from the dynamite cruisgy Yesuvius.

Mr. Blackburn of Kentucky introduced a bill to remove the penalites from the dynamite cruisgy Yesuvius. \$10,000,000 to be expended the first year, and

or remove the penalties from the dynamite cruiser Vesuvius.

Mr. Hale asked the immediate adoption of an order directing the architect of the Capitol to report forthwith upon the condition of the Benate wing of the Capitol in respect of drainage, ventilation and plumbing. He said he was informed that a condition of things existed which was dangerous to every employee and to members of the Benate, The resolution was adopted.

and to members of the Senate, The resolution was adopted.

Benator Stanford, Chairman of the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds, reported, with favorable recommendations, several public building bills passed by the Senate last Congress, but which failed of passage in the House, and were reintroduced this session. They appropriate a total of \$2,200,000, Hers are some of the items:

Cennecticut—Watchury, \$100,000. Nebraska—Hastings, \$280,000; Nortolk, \$100,000. Ohio—Mannfeld, \$100,000; Zanesville, \$100,000. New Hampshire, \$100,000; Zanesville, \$100,000, New Hampshire, Sanka, \$100,000; Dover, \$100,000, California—Teams, \$100,000; Dover, \$100,000, California—Teams, \$100,000, Dover, \$1

\*\*Second—That Augustus Ossman, the train Mr. Morgan, by unanimous consent, offered a comprehensive resolution which was adopted, calling upon the Secretary of State or a detailed report of the disposition of the Mexican Award fund, what claims had been paid and what rejected and what disposition had been made of the remainder.

\*\*Memse of Representatives.\*\*

In the House of Representatives.

In the House of Representatives to-day Mr. Harter of Ohio introduced a bill to authorize the consolidation of customs collection distincts. It does away with fees and what Mr. Therefore calls be blackmailing devices. The bill authorizes the Segretary of the Treasury to reconsolidate the customs collection districts of the Indian States hereofore established so the Indian States hereofore established s that their number shall be reduced and fixed provided in the bill. Under this plan Massa-shunetts will have three districts: Rhode feland one: Connecticut two; New York eight: How Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware, and riot of Columbia and Virginia three

The Secretary of the Treasyry is to fix the boundaries of the districts. The salaries of Collectors, naval officers, and Surveyors in the districts, naval officers, and Surveyors Author the Process of the New York, Soston, Philadelphia, Baltimore, New Orleans, Obicago, and San Francisco are fixed by the till. The Collector at New York is to get \$12,000 a year, the Naval Officer \$3,000, and the Surveyor \$4,000. All the districts, except the ones mentioned, are to be divided by the district of the first class is to be \$5,000; in a district of the first class is to be \$5,000; in a district of the first class is to be \$5,000; in a district of the second class, \$4,000; third class, \$5,000; sourth class, \$2,500, and fifth class \$2,000.

Mr. Harter contended that the bill will render the customs service much more efficient, and will save about \$175,000 a year for the public treasury.

Representative Fellows of New York introduced a bill increasing to \$100 a month the pensions of those who have lost both hands, or both feet, or have been totally disabled in their mas, or otherwise so disabled as to ronder them so nearly helpless as to require the regular personal assistance of another.

Mr. Long of Texas presented a bill appropriating \$500,000 for the development and encouragement of silk culture in the United Rates under the direction of the Socretary of Astronture. The Secretary of the Treasury is to fix th

LIVE WASHINGTON TOPICS.

Things of Interest Happening In and Out o

Washington, Jan. 12.—The plan of the Demodoleaders in Congress for an Internationa Congress on the silver question is by no means pose to allow the Republicans to pose as the authors of the plan through the medium of Lie resolution presented yesterday by Senator Teller. The Democrats do not propose to have a mere private conference by a few represen-tives from each country, such as has been held several times before. They want a Congress of 300 or 400 members, in which the whole

of 300 or 400 members, in which the whole monetary question will be publicly debated and reported for the benedit of the masses of the geople the world over. Such a Congress, he Domograts think, will accomplish questing beddes a pleasant trip for a few delegates and the printing of a report of the proceedings to be pigeonholed at the capitals of the countries represented.

It is proposed that the representation of the United States shall consist of twenty-one delegates. Mr. Springer, the author of the plan, he prepared the skeleton of an elaborate bill, which is now being scrutinized by some of his areands in the Benate. When it is parfected it will be introduced simultaneously in the Sentential and will get the endorsement of telluteations. The ultra silver men do not yet tak a kindly to the idea of side-tracking the yet calender bills, and Messra. Bland and Ratch and Southern and Western members worst are an accounted to the forts of Mr. Indiager and the other leaders thus to put the latter issue out of the way.

The Democrats, as well as the Republicans Philadolphia have a little political contest

ca hand. In the ranks of the Bepublican politicians the fight is between the Harrison and they candidates for election as delegates to the finite apolitic for election as delegates to the finite apolitic for election of Fonnsylands's member of the National Demonstration of Committee. The ambitious rivals are expressed to the Committee and Clerk of the National Legate of Harrity and ex-Congressman and present Chairman of the State Committee and Clerk of the National Iduate of Representatives James Kerr. The State of Harrity is the candidate of the Clesciand-Patrician wing of the Pennsylvania Democratic while Mr. Kerr represents the

Wallace faction, which is supposed to favor the pomination of David B. Hill. Mr. Wallace, who has always been an anti-Cleveland man, and who is just at present more than aver popular in his State, where he has long been a leader with a strong following, yesterday announced himself plainly as opposed to Mr. Cleveland's nomination. Mr. Kerr, who is a Clearfield neighbor of Mr. Wallace's, is understood to be a candidate for receivation as Chairman of the State Committee. He is also fighting Harrity hard for membership in the National Committee. When the Executive Committee met here last month Mr. Kerr, by reason of his championship, was allowed temporarily to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Mr. Scott. He thus got the while hand in the fight, and is likely to keep it. The State Committee will meet on Jan. 20 next, the day before that set for the meeting of the National Committee in this city for the purpose of fixing a time and place for holding the National Committee in the Harrity-Kerr struggle the lines seem to be plainly drawn between the friends of Mr. Cleveland and those of Senator Hill.

Ten million dollars is to be asked for the improvement of the Mississippi River. This is the sum, according to Representative Rob is the sum, according to Representative Rob-ertson. Chairman of the Mississippi River Committee, which has been decided upon, and it will be made the subject of a distinct bill, so as not to be included in the River and Harbor measure. Mr. Robertson says this amount is needed, and he does not believe there will be any good objection when the necessity for the appropriation is plainly understood.

NEWS OF THE RAILBOADS.

New England Trains Will Reach New York

An officer of the New York and Long Island Railroad Company yesterday verified the story published in THE SUN that the New York and New England and Long Island railroads would use the projected tunnel under the East River and Forty-second street for an entrance into New York city. He said that Mr. Corbin was interested in the scheme, although neither the Long Island nor the New York and New England Railroad will have direct control of the New York and Long Island Railroad. The heaviest stockholder, he said, is Mr. William Steinway. Mesars. J. D. Leary, Thomas Rutter of the Louisville and Nashville, and Mr. Mills of the Otis Elevator Company are largely interested; but so far President Charles Parsons of the Rome. Watertown and Ogdensburg, has

had no connection with the enterprise. As stated yesterday, the directors were authorized to increase the capital stock from \$1,000,000 to \$10,000,000, but it will not be issued all at once. In due time the public may be invited to participate. The original plan of the company, as adopted by the Board of Aldermen a year ago, will be closely followed as far as the tunnel and the connecting railroads in men a year ago, will be closely followed as far as the tunnel and the connecting railroads in this city are concerned. The purpose is to connect with the New York Central at a point a mile or so above Forty-second street, and in the neighborhood of the Fourth avenue tunnel. To do this there will have to be a gradual gradient from the level of the tunnel, just east of Broadway, to the surface where the junction is made. It will be an ordinary 'X' connection, except for the inclination of the tracks. It is believed that a very profitable through business, particularly freight, may be built up between Long island and neterior points of the country, while it is calculated that the Long Island and Eastern States line, by starting its trains from the heart of New York city, will be in a position to secure a good deal of the Boston and New England business.

The new features on Long Island when the proposed plan is carried out will be an entrance to the central portions of Brooklyn, and also to the railroad whatves near the sugar refineries in Williamsburgh. The details of this part of the scheme have not yet been determined upon. Very likely some connection will be made with the elevated railroads in Brooklyn.

CENSURES THE OPEN ROAD SYSTEM. Report of the State Ballroad Commission

ers Concerning the Hastings Wreck. ALBANY, Jan. 12.-The Railroad Commission this noon announced its decision in the New York Central and Hudson River Radicoad disas ter at Hastings Dec. 24. It finds as follows: "First-The Board finds that the immediate cause of this accident was the criminal failure of Albert Herrick to signal the St. Louis express.

"Second-That Augustus Ossman, the train

the travionear sing sing, causing the original binetads, tras guity of gross-arclessness. Sixth—The Board finds that in consequence of the largely increased number and aspeed of trains on the New Nerk Central and fludson liver Railroad, the open road system of open enting is maximiciant to secure the highest attainable degree of safety, and approves of the determination of the company to equip list tracks with the absolute block system, as here in before set forth in the letter quoted from the President of the company, and also to interlock all switches on the main track with distant signals, and recommends that it prosecute the work with the utmost despatch.

ADVISORY BOARD MEETING.

Nothing but Routine Bustness Transacted So Far by the Western Presidents. The Advisory Board of the Western Traffic

Association began it regular quarterly session yesterday at the Windsor. Every railroad in the association. except the Great Northern. was represented by either its President or director. Among them were Jay Gould and Russell Sage, the latter being the centre of interest. Others present were: Sidney Dillon, President, and S. H. H. Clark. Vice-President of the Union Pacific: George C. Magoun, Chairman of the Board, and J. D. Springer, director of the Atchison; C. P. Huntington, President of the Southern Pacific; itoswell Miller, President, and Samuel Spencer, director of the Milwaukee and St. Paul; R. R. Cable, President, and B. H. Browster, director of the Burlington; Marvin Hughitt, President of the Burlington; Marvin Hughitt, President, and Director Vinter of the Northwestern; O. D. Ashler, President, and S. V. R. Cruger, director, of the Hilmois Central, and George Coppell, President of the Rio Grande.

Nearly the entire day was devoted to routine business, and the Board will meet again this marning. It was said that the question of reducing Commissioner Valker's salary from \$25,000 to \$12,000 was not reached. Mr. Walker's three years contract has just expired. A good many appeal cases were considered and some complaints ware made. It was donled by those present that there was any friction annothed the mombers and that any of the companies intended to withdraw. Vice-President of the Union Pacific; George C.

Bendigek in the Election Unbroken. PRILADETPRIA, Jan. 12.—The judges of the election in the case of the Western No and Pennsylvania Railroad took another re cess at 7 P. M. until noon to-morrow. Abou 1.000 shares of stock were voted during the indications are that the matter will be taken into court to-morrow morning for a decision upon the reception of the proxies of the Dutch stock held by Mr. Allen.

There are two tlekets in the field for President, one led by President Allen of New York and the other by Vice-President Samuel De Coursey of Philadelphia. On the first day 105,000 out of a total 107,121 shares were voted for De Coursey, but the lawyers, to whom the tollers of election referred the proxies of the Dutch stockholders, which President Allen voted ruled them out. Thereupon Mr. Allen challenged the entire vote cast by the other side. indications are that the matter will be taken

The Richmond Terminal Reorganization The work of the Olcott Committee, in adjusting and reorganizing the Richmond Terminal Company is progressing smoothly. The com-mittee is considering the propriety of mittee is considering the propriety of using the charter of the Richmond. Danville and Southwestern Railroad Company in order to give the Richmond Terminal Company the power to operate and manage the proprietary lines which it controls. The securities of the new company would be exchanged for those of the subordinate roads in about the same manner as the securities of the Richmond Terminal Company-and exchanged for a certain amount of stock and bonds of the subordinate companies which it helds in its treasury.

ARREST OF A BONAPARTE

HE IS ACCUSED OF OBTAINING JEW. He Got the Articles from His Piret Wife.
Who hays He Gave Them to His Second-A Divorce But by the First Wife and Mutual Accumultons.

LONDON, Jan. 12-Louis Clovis Bonaparto, son of the late Prince Louis Lucien Bonaparte was charged to-day, upon a warrant, at the West London police court, with conspiring with William Alexander Thompson to defraud Rosalie Clovis Bonaparte out of a diamond necklace and other jewels valued at \$100,000. This is one of the outcomes of the suit for divorce brought by Mrs. Rosalle Bonaparte (formerly Rosalle Clovis), against Prince Louis Clovis Bonaparte. The plaintiff was first married on Doc. 1884, under the name of Rosalle Barlow, to her first husband, Mr. Norfolk Bernard Me gone, at St. Saviour's Church, South Hampstead. In November, 1885, a petition for the dissolution of the marriage was filed by the husband, on the ground of adultery, the present respondent, Prince Louis Clovis Bona-parte, being the co-respondent. This petition was dismissed in March, 1886, on the ground of collusion. In April, 1886, Rosalis Barlow (then Megone) went to Scotland, and resided there with Prince Louis Clovis Bonaparte under the name of Mr. and Mrs. Richards until the and of 1887. In the summer of 1887 Mr. Me gone filed a petition for divorce in the Scote courts on the ground of his wife's adultary with Prince Louis, then known as Clovis, and on March 10, 1888, a decree was granted, and it was made final on March 31 of the same year.

Rosalie Barlow then left Scotland, and was married, by license, on May 30, 1888, at St. Thomas's Church, Douglas, Isle of Man, to the Prince. They lived for some time at Douglas nd subsequently at Stony Stratford, Brighton Ventnor, and at 70 St. Helen's Gardens, North Kensington, in this city.
On Oct. 12, 1891, Clovis adopted the surname

of Bonaparte, and on Oct. 14 Prince Louis Clovis Bonaparte was married to Elizabeth Scott, at St. Matthew's Church, Redhill, this marriage constituting the grounds for the petition now before the court.

Prince Louis Clovis Bonaparte is now 32

years of age. He was born in London in 1850. and was known during the earlier part of his career as Louis Clovering Clovis Richard, and subsequently by the name of Louis Clovering Clovia. He is described as an engineer of Palace Chambors, Westminster.



LOUIS CLOVIS BONAPARTE. The late Prince Louis Lucien Bonaparte previous to his death on Nov. 3, 1891, acknowledged Clovis to be his son. Prince Louis Lu-cien Bonaparte, who died at Fano, on the Adriatic, and whose remains are buried in Kensal Green Cemetery, this city, was an ex-Senator of France and a son of Prince Lucien

Benator of France and a son of Prince Lucien, brother of Napoleon I. He was the last surviving nephew of Napoleon I.

The petition for divorce of Rosalie Barlow prayed the court to decree that the said Louis Clovis Bonaparte may be dissolved, and that the petitioner may have such further and other relief on the premises as to his Lordship may seem meet.

This petition was officially presented in the Probate Divorce and Admiralty Division of the High Court of Justice on Nov. 17 before Justice Joune. On Dec. 23 it was announced that the petitioner, having failed to carry out Justice Jeune's order enabling Rosalie Barlow to amend her petition, that Prince Bonaparte had presented a petition to the court praying for a declaration that the marriage in the isle of Man between the petitioner and himself is void on the ground that Mr. Norfolk Bernari Megone, from whom, it is alleged, she had Megone, from whom, it is alleged, she had never been divorced, was then and is still

hus it will be seen that Rosalie Barlow and Prince Bonaparte practically make counter charges of bigamy against each other.
The police this morning, after the preliminary hearing of this new feature of the case, asked for a short adjournment in order to enable them to place William Alexander Thompson under arrest. The adjournment was granted.

able them to place William Alexander Thompson under arrest. The adjournment was granted.

During the course of to-day's proceedings Rosalie Barlow went on the winess stand. She testified to the fact that she was married to Louis Clovis Bonaparte in May, 1888, and that she lived with him until Soptember, 1891. Her husband, she said, informed her in March last that he had instructed his solicitor, Mr. George Lewis, to bring an action against Mr. Coghill of Ventor, Isle of Wight. In September, she added, the Frince told her that Dr. Coghill was suing him, and that he had instructed Mr. William Alexander Thompson, a solicitor, with the task of detanding the case. The latter, according to the witness, informed her that her husband was liable to be sentenced to seven years' imprisonment. In order to protect the Prince and to save him from this possible term of imprisonment, she gave Mr. Thompson a diamond neckings and other iewelry, valued at about \$160,000, with which to provide the funds necessary to settle the claim of the person who was prosecuting her husband. The latter, witness also said, forsook her some time afterwards and she had not seen him since.

She also testified that she afterwards found that the statements unde by the Prince and by Mr. Thompson were false, and that the statements unde by the Prince and by Mr. Thompson were false, and that the first husband was living, and that the witness was subjected to a sovere crossexamination, during which she admitted that her first husband was living, and that the had committed adultery upon various occasions before marrying Prince Bonaparte. After further testimony, during which all the material facts of the divorce suit were brought out for an airting. Prince Bonaparte was remanded, ball being allowed.

The ball required of Prince Bonaparte was \$25,000. The case will again come up for a Hearing on Saturday next.

Messengers Review the Strike. NASHVILLE, Jan. 12.-The local messenger of the Southern Express Company, who yes terday decided to declare their strike ended. were ordered out at a late hour last night, and the strike was conrequently renewed. The strike was ordered renewed by "life a Hurd of Chicago, Grand Messenger of the Brotherhood, who, accompanied by "life a Hradfield, western messenger of the Atlanta district paid a visit to this city. Messrs, Hurd and Bradford, who were manipulated by the Grand Lodge Executive Committee, constitute a quorum, and therefore have authority to order a strike. Twenty-six local messengers, who expected to go out on their regular run to-day refused to do so. Messrs, Hurd and Bradfield last night sent telegrams to various terminal points touched, by the Southern Express Company, ordering the messengers out until the trougle is settled.

Mr. Bradfield said in an interview that about. were ordered out at a late hour last night Mr. Bradfield said in an interview that about Dec. 1 Messenger Cordell, one of the best in the service, presented to the company an application in behalf of himself and fourteen other men for an increase in salary. Cordell was afterward discharged, it is claimed by the men, because he presented the application. They demand his reinstatement. The company denies the charge. It says that it can easily replace all the strikers, and none will be taken back.

New York Central Improving its Operating

Department. LOCKFORT, Jan. 12.—The New York Central is increasing the number of its trainmen on the trains of the western division. Superintend-ent Burrows has issued an order to all trainmen and brakemen who are sent back to flag trains to keep a going until they do meet a train. An examination of the conductors and trainmen is being held by Superintendents Burrows and Rossiter at Buffalo to-day. It is said that the management intend to keep in its employ none but capable men. The whole system will be improved. PROPIES IN IVORY AND BUBBER.

An African Trading Company That Has Made Over \$60,000 on a Year's Operations BRUSSELS, Jan. 12.—The Belgian Company for Commerce on the Upper Congo has secured during the past year ivory and rubber worth \$105,893 in the Antwerp market. Its total expenses during that time have been \$104,910, which includes a loss of \$10,000 due to a fire It thinks, therefore, that it has made a very excellent profit considering the high cost of

It says the profits of its trading operations will be more than doubled as soon as it can utilize the railroad.

The Commercial Syndicate of Katanga has been organized in Belgium for commercial exploitation on the Lomann River and the Upper Congo as far as Stanley Falls. This syndicate will buy lyour and rubber of the Arabs and will systematically encourage the natives to gather rubber in the forests which border the Lomann River where the vines rigiding rubber grow in great abundance. The Company of Katanga which has organized this syndicate has appropriated \$125,000 to start these commercial ventures and has appointed as its superintendent Mr. Arthur Hodister, the explorer and former agent of the Congo Free State. He has two steamers, to carry on his work on the Upper Congo. The company expects that the first year's produce, to be transported around the cataracts to the sea, will amount to at least 3,500 loads and it looks for a rapid increase in the volume of trade. It says the profits of its trading operations

THE WARRING IRISH PACTIONS. A Paracilite Makes Serious Charges Agains the McCarthyltes.

DURLIN, Jan. 12 -Mr. Edmund Leamy, M. P. or Sligo, who presided at a meeting to-day o the League in this city, made a number of serious charges against the anti-Parnellites. He said there is an agreement in ex-istence by which the leaders of the McCarthyite faction are assured of comfortable offices whenever home rule is declared if the change in Government come

declared if the change in Government comes about through their aid. Leamy declared that, as for himself, he would profer the misrule of the present Castle officials to that of a crowd of mere place hunters, whose characters would probably he of the worst.

These remarks, being reported to the McCarthyites, have roused the latter to the highest blich of indignation. Two prominent anti-Parnellites who were spoken to to-night declared that Leamy would, if possible, be compelled to give names in support of his assertions, and that then libel actions would be begun at once, in the course of which Leamy's statements would be disproyed in a court of law. The Parnellites privately allege, whether they believe it or not, that Tim Healy has in his possession a written guarantee of the Irish Lord Chancellorship, with an Irish peerage under the title of Viscount Healy, in case the McCarthyites are the winning faction when the Liberals come into power.

PRINCE ALBERT VICTOR'S ILLNESS His Condition is Serious Though His Strength is Well Maintained.

LONDON, Jan. 12.-The official bulletin issued this morning from Sandringham in regard to the health of the Duke of Clarence and Avondale, the eldest son of the Prince of Wales, and heir presumptive to the throne of England is that the inflammation of the lungs from which he is suffering is pursuing its course which he is suffering is pursuing its course, and that his strength is well maintained. But, it is added, no improvement in his condition can be recorded.

It is unofficially announced, however, that the condition of the sick man is much worse to-day than it was yesterday. The attack of pneumonia, it appears, is much more severe than the physicians are willing, officially, to admit.

admit.

A bulletin issued late this evening says that, on the whole, the Duke of Clarence and Avondale has passed a favorable day. It is added that there is no marked change in his condition, but this evening he is somewhat better than he was during the day.

LONDON, Jan. 12.-In his letter to the Telegraph Count Tolstol says the Russian Government is doing its utmost to mitigate suffering in the famine districts. Count Tolstoi, however, thinks the peasants should have been promptly supplied with an abundance of fuel and seed corn. Disagreements between the general Government and the provincial Asgeneral Government and the provincial Assemblies as to the extent and severity of the famine also operate to increase both the suffering of the people and delay in applying relief. The writer says that much drunkenness prevails in his own district and adds that within a few days from 30 to 60 per cent. of its population will be absolutely without food. Many of the unfortunate possants are driven mad by the liquors which they drink, while the bread, made of pigweed mixed with bran, acts as a violent emetic. The present famine, Count Toistoi declares, is not attributable to the failure of crops.

Balmaceda Mofagora

Towney Jan 12-A despatch to the Times from its Chilian correspondent says that the four Balmaceds refugees are still concealed in the United States Legation by Minister

The same correspondent adds that Seflor The same correspondent adds that Señor Francisco Concha, one of ex-President Balmaceda's Ministers of Justice, who on Nov. 24 was reported to have been shot and killed by the Government pickets in the Cordilleras Pass while he was endeavoring to escape into the Argentine Republic, is alive, and that he has just been indicted for high treason.

The Times correspondent also says that Mr. Egan has sent four of his guilty protégées on board the United States ship Yorktown, and that all the political prisoners will be liberated within a week.

A Big Bank Fullure in Rome.

Rome, Jan. 12 .- Fonzi's Bank has falled for several millions of lire. Considerable excitement prevalls, as the bank has been considered one of the most solvent in Italy, and among the depositors were many leading business firms. The full extent of the failure is as yet uncertain, but an investigation is being held. Fonzi has disappeared, and the authorities are inquiring for him in all directions. It is rumored that he has gone to Africa.

Gladstone's Speeches in Book Form. LONDON, Jan. 12.-Mr. Gladstone is correcting the proofs of the first volume of the series in which his speeches are to be published. in which his speeches are to be published. This volume deals with his later utterances on the subject of home rule. There will be six volumes in all, and they are to be published in inverse order, from the present to the beginning of this career, it is expected that a preface, by the author, will be one of the most interesting features of the publication.

The Biesmer Empress of China Lonking

Lendon, Jan. 12.-The steamship Empres of China of the Canadian Pacific Ballway Com-pany's service has arrived at Hong Rong leaking so badly that she will have to be docked for remains. The steamer experienced very heavy weather on the voyage to China.

Minister Lincoln III. LONDON, Jan. 12.-The United States Minis-

ter, the Hon. Robert T. Lincoln, was obliged to take to his bed yesterday. He is suffering from influenca, but the attack is said to be of a mild mature. Notes of Foreign Happenings. The French Chamber of Deputies has re-cleeted M. Floquet as President. The Queen has signified her acceptance of Mrs. William W. Carson's gift of Francis B. Carpenter's picture. "Arbitration."

The mansion of Millais, the painter, near Perth, has been burned to the ground, and some valuable paintings have been destroyed.

Kainz Wants Liberty to Act.

Actor Josef Kainz's attorney, Maurice Untermeye, appeared before Judge McAdam in the Superior Court yesterday and made a motion to vacate the injunction restraining his client from acting at the Thalla Theatre on Thurs dap night. The motion was argued at 4 P. M.

B. Lewinson appearing for Gustav Amberg, with whom Kainz is under contract.

According to the contract Kainz was to play in fifty performances, from Oct. I to Dec. 31.

1801, and he was not to play in any theatrical representations thereafter until May 1. 1802. The actor's counsel contend that Gustav Amberg is not the owner of the Amberg Theatre, but simply mannegrat a salary of 3.100 a week, and therefore cannot be financially hurt by Kainz acting elsewhere; further, that after Kainz had acted flify times his contract was ended, and it is not to be presumed that he could legally be prevented from acting where he pleased.

Judga McAdam will give his decision this morning. dap night. The motion was argued at 4 P. M.

\_\_\_\_ Mrs. Leslie-Carter's examination in amplementary proceedings had been set for 11 o'closely yesterday morning, but when it was readed in Part II, of the Unit Court her altering annuanced that he was for his to appear, and saked for a postponement units to day, which was granted. The actress played last night at tue biandard Theatre.

HIS DOCTORS SAID HE HAD HAD THE DELIRIUM TREMENS.

There was Much Gosstp Also Over the Ro lations Between Mrs. Shober and a Tator in the Family-Bishon Potter was Appealed to and the Church in the Little Hudson River Town is Without Its Rector BARRYTOWN, Jan. 12.-The Rev. Francis E.

Shober disappeared yesterday, leaving his wife, a daughter of the late John L. Aspinwall, and four children. Mr. Shober was from Thomasville, N. C., and graduated several years ago from St. Stephen's College, Annan-dale. Soon after he married Helen Aspinwall. She was helress to millions. Among the recent students at Annandale was a young man named Carver of Philadelphia. A year ago he graduated and took a course at a theological eminary in New York. Finishing his studies there, he was employed as a tutor of the Shober children. He lived with the Shober family. He frequently rode out with Mrs. Shober and the children, and the gossips of the town found in that fact an opportunity for

After Mr. Shober's ordination he became ill and had several hemorrhages. He was recommended to use liquor as a remedy. Lately he had been very ill, and there had been a consulhad been very ill, and there had been a consul-tation of physicians. One of them said last night that Mr. Shober had used liquor too free-ly and had had an attack of delirium tremens. The town has been full of rumors in relation to the whole matter, and in an interview in re-lation to the trouble, Mrs. Aspinwall, mother of Mrs. Shober, last night made the following statement:

The town has been fall of rumors in relation to the whole matter, and in an interview in relation to the trouble, Mrs. Aspinwall, mother of Mrs. Bhober, last night made the following statement:

"The rumors concerning my daughter and Mr. Carvor are entirely false. Mr. Shober insisted upon his wife and Mr. Carvor riding out together. Mr. Shober, the dectors said, drank freely and had delirium tremens. Dr. Losee of Red Hook and Dr. Parker of Poughkeepsie were the physicians. Upon getting better Mr. Shober desied that he had had the delirium tremens. He wrote to lishop Potter, asking to he deposed. Two days later he wrote again to the Bishop that he did not want to be deposed. Two days later he wrote again to the Bishop that he did not want to be deposed him on the ground of ill health only. He is now deposed for drinking.

"I think that Mr. Carver came from Philadelphia last Thursday afternoon to get his things to go home. Mr. Shober ordered him to leave immediately. He came on the 2:41 o'clock train and left on the 5 o'clock train. Mr. Shober left yesterday morning for New York, saying that I would never see his face again. He made threats and Mrs. Shober gave him money. I always thought a great deal of Mr. Shober until he acted so terribly the last two weeks. Upon my word of honor, Mr. Carver and Mrs. Shober are innocent. Mrs. Shober never made any charge against her husband except that of intemperance. I think my daughter and I have charactor enough to live down any rumors that might arise. I wish it plainly understood that it is a conspiracy against Mrs. Shober's friend, "some persons wrote to the Bishop telling the laster that Shober's congregation when they heard of this called, invited the preacher conspicuously to their houses, and extended other courtesies to him. When Mr. Shober left Barrytown yesterday morning, forty or fifty of his congregation were at the station. As the train rolled out they waved their handkerchief.

"I was told in Barrytown yesterday that threats have been made that if Carver retu

MRS. DYKEMAN COMES TO NEW YORK

The is Living with an Old Friend, and Nattie to a Walter in a Coffee and Cake Saloon. Mrs. Pell V. Dykeman, on whose account the Peekskill gossips say that young "Nattle" Seabury ran away from home last week, arrived in this city yesterday. She has decided to shake the dust of Peckskill from her feet, and has brought her children and her household goods with her to New York. Mrs. Dykeman was seen by a Sun reporter yesterday at the house of a friend, Mrs. Perry, at 172 East 122d street, where she has taken up her abode for the present. When first questioned as to her plans for the future, she said that she expected to leave for Kansas City this morning. She said that she had friends in that place and intended to settle friends in that place and intended to settle there permanently. When the reporter made further inquirises as to what train site would take, and lower what road she intended to travel, Mrs. Dykeman finally declared that she was not going to kansas City at all.

"I merely told you that," she continued, "because I know that newspapers never tell the truth, and so it does not matter much what I say."

She asserted that she had not rented a flat in 120th street, as reported, but would remain, for the time being at least, with Mrs. Perry. When asked if she had seen young Scabury lately she said that she knew nothing about him and could not tell where he was.

Seabury came to this city on Friday last and secured employment as waiter in the Colum-

Seabury came to this city on Friday last and secured employment as waiter in the Columbus Restaurant, a coffee and cake saloon at 103 East 125th street, on Saturday

He said last hight that he had not cloped with any one, but had simply run away from home because he was not treated well there. He said that he had not seen Mrs. Dykoman since he came to New York.

Pell agt. Dykoman said yesterday: "I called at the restaurant on Monday where young Seabury is employed and had a tak with him. On my carnest solicitation he wrote to his mother and told her where he was employed. Seabury altorward accompanied me to the residence of Daniel Briggs, my father-in-law, at 318 West Lighty-sixth street, and before a Notary Public voluntarily and without dictation swore that he had no intimate relations with Mrs. Dykeman, had never intended to clops with her, and had no intentions of living with her in New York."

SILAS WAS PIOUS BUT GREEN.

Hoped for Divine Ald in Buying Bad Money

and Blew Out the Gar. ELIZABETH, Jan. 12.—Two men who registered as Silas Griffin and M. A. Ball got off the Southern express last night and put up at Ry an's Hotel. They went to bed at 9 o'clock, and three hours later the hotel porter smelt the odor of gas in the corridor. Their door was forced and the strangers were found unconforced and the strangers were found unconscious. Physicians were summoned and after an hour's hard work they were declared to be out of danger.

Beside Ball's bed was a chain on which lay a loaded 88-calibre revolver, and his companion had a similar weapon under his pillow. Orffin prayed feryestly when he regained his senses, but Ball wanted to fight, and became so beisterous that the police were called, and both from were taken to the station house.

They had come from Lee county, Va., to meet a New York green goods man in Plainfield to-day, who was to give them \$3,000 for \$300. The Chief of Police sent the farmers home on the \$45 train to-night, driffin was the one who blew out the gas, after writing to his wife the following letter:

Ny Dramer One: I am to-night on the third story of a large bad, at kandted mass away from you. I am twelve miles from the place I am going you. I am twelve miles from the place I am going you. I find will come out all right. May find below me to do se, I have seen a heap since I have met with no tenule yet. I know you don't rest much. I have seen a heap since I let home, but nothing like you. I think I will remain with you always when I get back I will know to-morrow what I can do. My day from you yet and the will as the from I gay for my return, and may the Godd heaven bless us to meet again, which I think we will so take I resh from the wait says of tending it. I know will so take I resh from the wait says of tending it. I know will so take I resh from the wait says of tending it. I shouly see this, I don't wait says of tending it. I will know to-morrow what i can do. My day from you far yet my return and may the Godd heaven bless us to meet again, which I think we will so take I resh for the wait says of tending it. I know we will so take I resh for the wait says of the says of the wait says of the says o scious. Physicians were summoned and after

Died While Fighting a Fire. While A. B. Church of 188 Harrison avenue

Jersey City, and his family were at supper last night Mr. Church's daughter smelled smoke. Mr. Church, who is 84 years old, filled a pail Mr. Church, who is 84 years old, filled a pail with water and hastened up stairs. He found a fire in one of the bedrooms on the top floor that had been caused by a defective flue.

In the mean time his daughter ran out in the street and notified Policeman Jackson Help eame and put out the fire.

In the excitement it was not notified that Mr. Church was lying on the floor. When the flames were extinguished he was turned over on his back, and the discovery was made that he was dead. His face and arms and the upper part of his body were tadly burned.

It is surprosed that hidding the pail of water manifeiers to extinguish the flames he attended to fight the blaze with his hands, and his clothing caught fire. He was a shipsmith and kept a shop for a great many years at 22 Morgan street.

THE REV. MR. SHOBERLEAVES. 9 ITCHING CHILDREN No Sleep at Night. No Rest by Day. How These Little Ones Had to Suffer.

Cuticura Took All of This Itch Out of Their Skins in Six Weeks. Left Not a Blemish.

My children, nine in number, were all troubled with an itching of the skin. They could not sleep at night, and through the day my wife felt ashamed to see the way those little ones had to suffer. So we concluded to try CUTICURA REMEDIES, and believe if we had not used your valuable remedies our little family would not have been cured yet. CUTICURA REMEDIES took all of this itch out of their skins, inside of six weeks. My wife then bought more, and kept on giving it to the children, and, thank God and your valuable CUTICURA REMEDIES, my children have not got a blemish on them. ROBERT SHUHAN, President Bricklayers' Union No. 18, Elizabeth, N. J.

Eczema 10 Years Cured I purchased and used CUTICURA with the most gratifying results. I was troubled with eczema in the form of salt rheum for ten years, and had quite despaired of being oured, CUTICURA, with the help of the CUTICURA SOAP and CUTICURA RESOLVENT, has permanently removed my complaint, and left my flesh sound and healthy.

JAMES T. WILSON, Manufacturing Chemist.
52 Beekman st., New York, N. Y.

Cuticura Remedies

Cuticura Remedies

If the thousands of little bables who have been cured of agonising, itching, burning, bleeding, scaly, and blotoby skin and scalp discases acould write, what a host of letters would be received by the proprietors of the CUTICURA REMEDIES! Few can appreciate the agony these little ones suffer, and when those great remedies relieve in a single application the most distressing eczemas and itching and burning skin discases, and point to a speedy and permanent cure, it is positively inhuman not to use them without a moment's delay.

Sold everywhere Price, CUTICURA, 500.; 80AP, 25c.; RESOLVENT, \$1. Propaged by the POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL COR-PORATION, Boston. 37" How to Cure Skin Diseases," 64 pages, 50 illustrations, and 100 testimonials, malled

BABY'S Skin and Scalp purified and beautified by FREE FROM RHEUMATISM. In one minute the Cutleura Anti-Pain Planter relieves rheumatic, sciatic, hip, kidney, chest, and muscu-lar pains and weaknesses.

OBITUARY.

The Earl of Charlemont died vesterday of influenza. The title expires with him. He was Lord Lieutenant of the county of Tyrone and Lieutenant-Colonel of the Armagh militia. He was born in 1820, and succeeded his uncle as third earl in 1883. He was twice married, first to Elizabeth Jane, only daughter of William Meredyth, First Lord Athlumney; she died Meredyth, First Lord Athlumney; she died in 1883, without issue. The Earl's second wife was Anna, daughter of the late Charles James Lambart, rector of Navan, county Meath, by whom he had no children. The family sprang from Bir Toby Caufield, who was born in 1645. He was a distinguished soldier employed by Queen Elizabeth in Ireland against the formidable O'Noill, Earl of Tyrone. For his services he was created Lord Caufield, Baron Claremont.

able O'Neill, Earl of Tyrone. For his services he was created Lord Caufield, Baron Claremont.

Orrin Bishop Judd, D. D., LL. D., died early yesterday morning at his home, 181 Wilson street, Williamsburgh, of a complication of diseases and heart failure. He was till more than a year. The liev. Dr. Judd was ,born in Southington, Conn. in 1816. He was called to the Second Baptist Church of New Haven in 1846 and served there four years, when he came to the Union Baptist Church of this city. He refused the Greek professorship offered to him by Madison University. Dr. Judd founded the New York Chroniele, and was its editor for several years. He translated the book of Matthew from the original for the American Bible Union, of which he was one of the originators. He was the author of its constitution and also the author of several religious works. Until a year and a half ago, when his health falled, he was in charge of the proof rooms of the Appleton l'ublishing Company. He leaves a wife and five children. He will be buried to-morrow in Evergreons Cemetery.

Mr. Isaac Thayer, an old boot and shoe manufacturer of Bandolph. Mass. died yesterday, aged 80 years. He enjoyed the distinction of having elected the Hon. Marcus Morton Governor in 1843, who took his seat with a plurality of one vote. Mr. Thayer was quite ill at the time, and had positive orders from the doctor not to leave the house. Just before the closing of the polis he was seen tottering up with his hallot. Upon being reprimanded he said: "They need my vote for the success of the election." Such proved to be the fact, and his favorite expression for years afterward was, "I told you so."

Alexander Turnbull, a wealthy hearse and goach builder of Newark, died at his home in

was, "I told you so."

Alexander Turnbull, a wealthy hearse and coach builder of Newark, died at his home in Mount Prospect avenue yesterday morning, aged 67. He was born in Newark, and was the eldest son of James Turnbull, a noted orachmaker. He married a daughter of William Gummersell, and for a long while conducted the business of hearsemaking with his brother-in-law, the late Richard Gummersell. He leaves one son and one daughter, who will inherit a fortune of noora than \$1.00.000. herit a fortune of more than \$1,000,000.

Androw C. Bowden, a wealthy retired grocer, died at his home, 302 West Thirty-second street, at 3 o'clock Sunday afternoon. He was 72 years old, and for twenty years he had not let his house. His family is remarkable for its longevity. J. C. Bowden died in 1888, aged B7 years. He left five sons—M. W. Bowden, who died at 93; Andrew C. Bowden, who died at 72; William J. Bowden, now aged 74; the Rev. S. T. Bowden, aged 75, and J. A. Bowden, 77 years of age. herit a fortune of more than \$1,000,000.

years of ago.

Mrs. Belinda Cuddeback, one of the last of the old descendants of the original Westbrook and Bennett families, who settled in the Neversink Valley nearly 200 yearango, died in Miljord, Pa., on Sunday, aged 83. She was the widow of Simeon Cuddeback, who was a descendant of the historic Hollander, Hermanus Cuddeback, the founder of the large family of that name in whis countryearly in the seventeenth century.

Edward McLeain, a variety performer who Edward McLeain, a variety performer wh

was conspictions a dozen years ago, is dead at his home in Rockford. Ill. When Francis Wilson, the comic opera star, abandoned song and dance, late in the '70s, his partner up to that time was John Mackin. McLeain "doubled up" with Mackin after Wilson left him, and continued on the stage until about 1883, when he retired,

he retired.

Thomas J. Sullivan of Palmyra, superintendent of bridge construction for the Alden Bridge Comeany of Rochester, dropped dead on Saturday at Tuba Lake, in the Adirondacka, where he was superintending the building of a bridge for the Adirondack Railroad. He built the American portion of the great cantilever bridge at Niagara Falls.

Nehemiah Osburn, for seventy-one years a resident of Rochester, and one of its wealthiest citizens, died on Sunday in that city in his blat year. In the spring of 1821 he travelled on foot to Rochester from Pompey, Cayuga county, carrying all his worldly goods in a small bundle on his back. Lozal C. Tabor of Syracuse died suddenly yesterday of apoplexy. He was a distin-guished inventor. His traction engine is fu general use, and many patents owned by him have come to be widely known. He was a Presidential elector on the Democratic ticket in 1884.

in 1884.

Alpha D. Griswold, who died at St. Luke's Hospital in this city on Saturday, aged 57 years, was a prominent land surveyor and farmer of Southport, Chemung county. He leaves four children, the eldest of whom. Miss Fanny, is a teacher in a missionary school in Japan.

William Stewart, a native and lifelong resident of Newburgh and President of the Fire Department, died yesterday of grip. He was about 50 years old. He leaves a widow and five children.

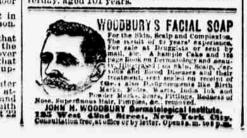
The Hon. Oliver Armstrong, ex-District At-torney of Ontario county, and who was elected Surrogate of the county at the last election, died at Canandaigua on Sunday of grip, aged 50 years.

Ass Austin, who was appointed Postmaster of Upper Lisic, Broome county, by President Lincoln, and had held the office until a year or two ago, died on Monday, aged 83 years.

Anthony P. Allen, for many years, the additor Anthony B. Allen, for many years the editor of the American Agenculturist, died at his home in Plainfield yesterday in his 18th year. He had been an invalid for many years. Oliver Gordon, for many years proprietor of the Minisink House in Port Jervis, one of the oldest hotels in Orange county, died on Mon-day, area 75 years.

day, agod 75 years.

Frederick Gennett, the veteran circus pro-prietor, died yesterday at Brighton, England, of influenza. The light Rev. Dr. Reeve, the Protestant Bishop of Down, has died of influenza. Michael Erskine died at Thoraton, Ind., yes-terday, aged 101 years.



Morses, Carringes, &c.

VAN TASSELL & KEARNEY. 130 and 132 East 13th st., .Vear 3d Av.

ELEGANT ASSORTMENT OF LEADING STYLES AT

And a Number of New Victorias and Cab.
riolets Built Expressly for Us by the Rest
Makers, and on Which We Give the Fullest
Guarantee,
ALSO A FINE DISPLAY OF THE NEWEST AND MOST
APPROVED DESIGNS IN SCHNER WORK,
CONSISTING OF

Bradstreet Trups, Game Wagons,
Shooting Wagons, Surreys of All Kinds,
Dog Carts of Every Style, Wagonettes,
Donkey and Pony Carts, Kensingtons,
Buckboards, Runabouts, AND MANY OTHER KINDS OF PANCY TRAPS IN THIS WORK IS MOSTLY BUILT FOR US PROM OUR OWN DESIGNS ALL FULLY GUARANTEED, AND MANY OF THE STYLES CANNOT BE DUFLICATED ELSEWHERE.

Our Stock of Second-Hand Carriages IS COMPOSED OF THE MOST SERVICEABLE AND MODERN KINDS: EVERY VEHICLE OF SECRET MANUFACTURE IS REFERSENTED, MAY OF THE BEING INDISTINGUISHABLE FROM NEW AND OF THE BEST MAKE.

BROUGHAMS. COACHES, COUPE-ROCKAWAYS BIX-PASSENGER ROCKAWAYS OMNIBUSES, DRAWS ENGLISH MAIL COAUH, LANDAUS, LANDAULLERS ALLY HO, EXTRASION TOP PHAETONS TOP AND OFEN ROAD WAGONS AND PHAETONS OF ALL RINDS, T CARTS, STANHOPES, MAIL PHAETONS AC. 20. OUR HARNESS ROOM

IS REPLETE WITH ALL THE NEW PATTERNS IN RUSSET LEATHER FOR LIGHT AND HEAVY SCA. HER WORK AND HAS UNDOUNTEDLY THE FINEST AND MOST VARIED BASEDLES WHIPS 20. IN THE COUNTY.

HORSES. Matched Carriago Pairs and Fine Single Horses Always on Hand; Trotters and Roadsters, and Horses for General Use. PARLOR ELEVATOR TO ALL PLOORS.

Van Tassell & Kearney. BETABLISHED 1867. 380 AND 182 RAST 18TH ST 128 TO 129 EAST 12TH ST.

Near 3d Avenue.

ESTABLISHED 1834. J. M. QUINBY & CO.,

OF. NEWARK, N. J., Coachinakers and Manufacturers of high-grade Carriages.

BROUGHAMS IN ALL SIZES OF THE LATEST FASHION. FACTORY AND WAREROOMS, DIVISION ST.

Opposite the Broad st. station of the D., L. & W. R. L. OUR ONLY PLACE OF BUSINESS. BRADLEY WAGONS.

Handy Wagons in paint and natural wood; Banner Buggies, with four styles of hodies and the easiest riding apring ever invented; Eurreys, Extension Tops, and Buggies; Two-wheelers that are absolutely free from horse motion: Road Carts that are made to carry BRADLEY & CO., 14 WARREN ST.

AT A TIGHT-ROPE WALKING. Three Men Dend as the Result of a Race Bow in a Village.

MICANOPY, Fla., San. 12 .- A riot occurred herelast night between the whites and blacks, in which W. Jefferson Chitty, a well-known in which W. Jefferson Chitty, a well-known citizen, and a negro named John Jones were killed. The mob this evening lynched Henry Hinson, the negro who murdered Chitty. The riot took place about 10 o'clock in the evening. A tight-rope walker was giving as exhibition in the public science, and nearly the whole village had turned out to see the exhibition. The whites were ou one side of the square and the negroes on the other. Hinson walked over from the colored side of the crowd to the other. Chitty stopped up to him and roquested him to go back among his own people. This angered the negro, and ten minutes later he returned and walking up to Chitty aimed a revolver at him and shot him twice through the heart. Onlity died in twenty minutes.

Within the naxt live minutes twenty shots were fired, and in the semi-darkness the murderer, was found dead in the street several blocks away, Marshal Purdy mustered a pesse of armed men and started in pursuit of Hinson. They secured the country and finally found him in a house five miles from town. He was brought back to town just after midnight. He neknowledgee his guilt and the Marshal put him in jail' with a strong guard about it. At 2 o, clock this morning a mob apweared at the jail and dragged the murderer out and hanged him in the square. sitizen, and a negro named John Jones were

WAS THIS POLICEMAN MAD, TOO? Knocked a Little Girl Down and Struck s Boy-He is a Prisoner. Patrick Cox. a tailor of 346 East Forty-sixth

street, was returning from work last night

about 0 o'clock accompanied by his 15-year-old daughter Maggie. A man rushed up at the about 9 o'clock accompanied by his 15-yearold daughter Maggie. A man rushed up at the
corner of Forty-ninth street and Broadway
and struck the girl in the face and knocked
her flat on the pavament. Then he started on
a run toward Eighth avenue.

Cox pursued him and caught him on the
corner of Eighth avenue, he broke away
again, and was finally cantured by Policeman
Higgins of the Forty-seventh street station. The prisoner was Thomas Coleman
a policeman of the Thirty-seventh street
station. Coleman was taken to the
Forty-seventh street station house and
Capt. Cross and Sorgeapt Cabill of the
Thirty-seventh street station were sent for.
Maggie Cox was taken to Rossevett Hospital
Her face was badly bruised, and there was a
scalp wound on the back of her head.

Cox said at the hospital that Coleman had
assaulted other persons among them a bey
whose teeth he had knocked out. The boy ran
away and the police are looking for him.

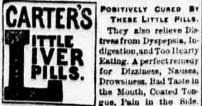
Cox said Coleman was drunk. Capt. Cross
concluded that the man was out of his head.
There was no tain of liquor about his breat
and a surgeon was sent for to examine him.
His talk was incoherent—his exense seening
to be that he had been attacked by a crowd.

Coleman has been on the sick list for four
days, and yesterday received a certificate from
Police Surgeon Phelps to appear for duly today. His fellow officers say that he never
drinks.

SYRACUSE, Jan. 12.—State Democratic Committeeman W. B. Kirk of this city is opposed mitteeman W. B. Kirk of this city is opposed to the movement to impeach Justice Kennedy. Mr. Kirk said to-day: "I have observed something in one of the newspapers tending to reflect upon Justice Kennedy. So far as I am concerned, or the Democratic party, so far as I know it, there is no sympathy with any attempts of that character. Justice hendry no doubt did what he deemed to be his duty in the election cases, and whatever differences of opinion existed among the people as to his decision there is certainly now no room for doubt of difference because the cases have been definerence because the cases have been dedifference because the cases have been decided by the Court of Appeals. Any person who takes exception to the decision of the court finds fault with the form of the Government of the State.

The Proposed Movement to Impeach Justice

SICK HEADACHE



They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion, and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Ton

They regulate the Bowels and prevent Constipa-tion. Are free from all crude and irritating matter. Very small; easy to take; no pain; no griping. Purely Vegetable. Sugar Coated. Beware of Imitations and

Ask for CARTER'S and see you get 0-A-R-T-E-R-'8.